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<u> </u>	DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)			
CONCERNING A FILI	NG UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371	not yet9k/107/10577		
ATIONAL APPLICATION NO.	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED		
EP99/02942	April 30, 1999	May 11, 1998		
THEOF INVENTION  METHOD AND APPARATUS FO	R THE THERMAL TREATMENT OF	CIIDCMDAMTC		
PPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US		10113 I DA I I		
	Coinid, Dieler Zernickei			
p	es Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the folk	owing items and other information:		
1. X This is a FIRST submission of item	ns concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.			
2. This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUE	NT submission of items concerning a filing under	35 U.S.C. 371.		
3. X This express request to begin nation	nal examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at a	ny time rather than delay		
examination until the expiration of	the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) as	nd PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).		
<del>[]</del>	Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th mo	onth from the earliest claimed priority date.		
<del>[                                    </del>	lication as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))			
	(required only if not transmitted by the Intern	national Bureau).		
	the International Bureau.			
	pplication was filed in the United States Rece			
	l Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(			
• Liamendments to the claims of the	e International Application under PCT Article			
	(required only if not transmitted by the Inter	national Bureau).		
of sections	y the International Bureau.			
··· · · <u></u>	wever, the time limit for making such amenda	ments has NOT expired.		
d. have not been made and				
=:	to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C	C. 371(c)(3)).		
. Lal An oath or declaration of the inv	entor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).			
A translation of the annexes to the	ne International Preliminary Examination Rep	ort under PCT Article 36		
(35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).	,,	on under a caracter of		
tems 11. to 16. below concern documen	ut(s) or information included:			
An Information Disclosure States	ment under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.			
An assignment document for reco	ording A senarate cover sheet in compliance	with 27 CED 2 29 and 2 21 in the day		
An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.				
A FIRST preliminary amendmen	A FIRST preliminary amendment.			
A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.				
A substitute specification.				
A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.				
S. Service	a or address letter,			
X Other items or information:				
Substitute drawings	for Figures 1,2 and 4			
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	Mary Ann	Copas Secretary		

# 529 Rec'd PCT/PTC 13 NOV2000

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17. The following fees are submitted:			CALCULATIONS	PTO USE ONLY	
BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5)):					
Neither internation	nal preliminary examinati	on fee (37 CFR 1.482)			
nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO			\$1070.00		
International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO\$930.00					
International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO				r	
International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) paid to USPTO but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) \$720.00					
International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) paid to USPTO and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4)					
ENTE	R APPROPRIATE	BASIC FEE AMO	UNT =	\$860.00	
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than 20 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).			\$		
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE	\$	
Total claims	13 - 20 ==	0	х \$22.00	\$	
ndependent claims	2 - 3 =	0	x \$82.00	\$	
MULTIPLE DEPENI	DENT CLAIM(S) (if app		+ \$270.00	\$	
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must also be filed (N	ote 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.2	applicable. A Small Enti 28).	ty Statement +	\$	
			JBTOTAL =	\$860.00	
Processing fee of \$130,00 for furnishing the English translation later than 20 30 \$months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f)).					
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =			\$ 860.00		
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property +					
TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED = \$			\$ 900.00		
1			Amount to be refunded:	\$	
				charged:	\$
a. X A check in the amount of \$900.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed.					
b. Please charge my Deposit Account No in the amount of \$ to cover the above fees.  A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.					
c. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 02-1653 A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.					
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137 (a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.					
SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:					
SIGNATURE					
Robert	W. Becker & Ass	sociates	Robe	rt W. Becker	
	Hwy 14, Suite	В	NAME		
Tijeras NM 87059  26.255  REGISTRATION NUMBER			1		
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#### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

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Date of Deposit November 13, 2000 (Monday)

I hereby certify that this paper or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231.

Mary Ann Copas, Secretary

In the Application of Helmut Aschner, et al.

Ser.No.:

Not Yet Known (based on DE 198 21 007.8 filed 11 May 1998 and

PCT/EP99/02942 filed 30 April 1999)

For:

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR THE THERMAL TREATMENT OF

**SUBSTRATES** 

Date Filed:

November 13, 2000 (Monday)

Box PCT Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231

## PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT ACCOMPANYING ENTRY INTO NATIONAL STAGE APPLICATION

Sir:

Prior to examination, please amend the above-identified application as follows.

#### IN THE SPECIFICATION:

On page 1, immediately after the title, please insert the following heading:

--Background of the Invention ---.

On page 3, at between lines 2 and 3, please insert the following heading:

--Summary of the Invention--.

On page 5, line 20, please insert the following heading:

--Brief Description of the Drawing--;

On page 6, line 21, please insert the following heading:

-- Description of Preferred Embodiments--.

On page 10, at line 13, please insert the following paragraph:

-- The specification incorporates by reference the disclosure of German priority

document 198 21 007.8 of 11 May 1998 and International priority document PCT/DE99/02942 of 30 April 1999.

The present invention is, of course, in no way restricted to the specific disclosure of the specification and drawings, but also encompasses any modifications within the scope of the appended claims.--

#### **IN THE CLAIMS:**

Please cancel claims 1 - 13, and replace them with the attached claims 14 - 26.

#### IN THE DRAWINGS:

Enclosed are the following drawings for substitution of those filed with the PCT:

Fig.1 Modified to include reference numeral 5 for the reaction chamber.

Fig. 2 Modified to include reference numeral 5 for the reaction chamber.

Fig. 4 Modified to correct reverse labeling of reference numerals 30 and 31.

#### **REMARKS**

Claims 14 - 26 are pending in the application.

Appropriate headings have been added to the specification and the claims from the literal translation have been replaced by claims drafted in conformity with U.S. Patent practice.

The application in its amended state is believed to be in condition for allowance. However, should the Examiner have any comments or suggestions, or wish to discuss the merits of the application, the undersigned would very much welcome a telephone call in order to be able to expedite placement of the application into condition for allowance.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert W. Becker Reg. No. 26,255

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for Applicant(s)

ROBERT W. BECKER & ASSOCIATES 11896 N. Highway 14, Suite B Tijeras, New Mexico 87059

Telephone: (505) 286-3511 Facsimile: (505) 286-3524

#### WHAT WE CLAIM IS:

14. An apparatus for the thermal treatment of substrates, comprising:

a housing having a reaction chamber; and

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a temperature-compensating element disposed in said reaction chamber for surrounding an outer periphery of a substrate, wherein said compensating element is spaced from said substrate and is essentially disposed in the plane of said substrate, wherein said compensating element is at least partially pivotable in said reaction chamber relative to said plane of said substrate.

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15. An apparatus according to claim 14, wherein a pivot device is disposed in said reaction chamber.

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- 16. An apparatus according to claim 15, wherein said pivot device is essentially spaced from said compensating element, and wherein at least one connection element is provided for interconnecting said pivot device and said compensating element.
- 17. An apparatus according claim 15, wherein said pivot device is provided with a semi-circular member that has an inner radius that is greater than an outer radius of said substrate.

- 18. An apparatus according to claim 17, wherein said semicircular member has free ends that are pivotably mounted in said reaction chamber.
- 19. An apparatus according claim 16, wherein said compensating element is pivotably mounted in said reaction chamber.

- 20. An apparatus according to claim 16, wherein said reaction chamber has a door, and wherein said pivot device is actuateable by movement of said chamber door.
- 21. An apparatus according to claim 20, wherein said pivot device is automatically pivotable by opening or closing of said chamber door.
- 22. An apparatus according to claim 16, wherein said compensating element is an annular element.
- 23. An apparatus according to claim16, wherein said compensating element comprises a plurality of segments.
- 24. An apparatus according to claim 23, wherein said segments each have an annular segment of 60°.
- 25. A method for the thermal treatment of substrates in a reaction chamber having a compensation element that surrounds an outer periphery of a substrate and is spaced therefrom, wherein said compensation element is essentially disposed in the plane of said substrate, said method including the step of:

at least partially pivoting said compensation element in said reaction chamber relative to said plane of said substrate for providing a lateral access to said substrate for introducing or withdrawing said substrate.

26. A method according to claim 25, which includes the step of automatically pivoting said compensation element by opening or closing a door of said reaction chamber.

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14. An apparatus for the thermal treatment of substrates, comprising:

a housing having a reaction chamber; and

- a temperature-compensating element disposed in said reaction chamber for surrounding an outer periphery of a substrate, wherein said compensating element is spaced from said substrate and is essentially disposed in the plane of said substrate, wherein said compensating element is at least partially pivotable in said reaction 5 chamber relative to said plane of said substrate.
- 15. An apparatus according to claim 14, wherein a pivot device is disposed in said reaction chamber.
- 16. An apparatus according to claim 15, wherein said pivot 22,27 device is essentially spaced from said compensating element, and 20 wherein at least one connection element is provided for interconnecting said pivot device and said compensating element.
- 17. An apparatus according claim 15, wherein said pivot device is provided with a semi-circular member that has an inner radius that is greater than an outer radius of said substrate.
- 18. An apparatus according to claim 17, wherein said semi-22 23 circular member has free ends that are pivotably mounted in said reaction 5 chamber.
- 19. An apparatus according claim 16, wherein said 15 5 compensating element is pivotably mounted in said reaction chamber.

for the Examiner's Reference

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20.	An apparatus according to claim 16, wherein said reaction
5	22,27
chamber has	a door, and wherein said pivot device is actuateable by
movement of	said chamber door.

- 21. An apparatus according to claim 20, wherein said pivot 22,27 device is automatically pivotable by opening or closing of said chamber door.
- 22. An apparatus according to claim 16, wherein said 15 compensating element is an annular element.
- 23. An apparatus according to claim16, wherein said 16,17,18,19 compensating element comprises a plurality of segments.
- 24. An apparatus according to claim 23, wherein said segments each have an annular segment of 60°.
- 25. A method for the thermal treatment of substrates in a 5 reaction chamber having a compensation element that surrounds an outer periphery of a substrate and is spaced therefrom, wherein said compensation element is essentially disposed in the plane of said substrate, said method including the step of:

at least partially pivoting said compensation element in said reaction chamber relative to said plane of said substrate for providing a lateral access to said substrate for introducing or withdrawing said substrate.

26. A method according to claim 25, which includes the step of automatically pivoting said compensation element by opening or closing 5 a door of said reaction chamber.

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Method and Apparatus for the Thermal Treatment of Substrates

The present invention relates to an apparatus for the thermal treatment

of substrates, especially semi-conductor wafers, and includes a reaction

chamber and a compensation element that surrounds the outer periphery

of the substrate and is spaced therefrom. The present invention also

relates to a method for the thermal treatment of substrates, especially

semi-conductor wafers, in a reaction chamber having a compensation

element that surrounds the outer periphery of the substrate and is spaced

therefrom.

A method and an apparatus of this type are described in DE 36 27 598

C. A compensation ring is provided about a wafer in a reaction chamber

of the apparatus. During the thermal treatment of the wafer, the

compensation ring prevents edge effects. With this ring, for example a

more rapid heating up at the rim than at the inner region of the wafer

during a heating-up phase, and a more rapid cooling off during a cooling-

off phase, are avoided. Due to the compensation ring, temperature

inhomogeneities within the wafer are thus eliminated or at least reduced.

For a particularly good operation, the compensation ring is disposed

essentially on the same plane as the wafer that is to be treated.

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In the past, during the loading and unloading of the substrate that is to be handled, the compensation ring was grasped together with the substrate and introduced or withdrawn, since a handling device could freely grasp the wafer.

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This common handling of wafer and compensation ring requires a complicated handling apparatus that in addition to a wafer-grasping apparatus must also have a compensation ring-grasping apparatus. Furthermore, due to the common handling there is an increased danger of damage to the compensation ring and/or to the wafer.

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US 5,683,518, as well as JP 10-098 048, each disclose apparatus for the thermal treatment of substrates and have a reaction chamber and a compensation element, according to which during the thermal treatment the substrate rests upon the compensation element and is raised together with it in the reaction chamber. For loading and unloading, the substrates are placed upon posts that extend through the compensation element, with the respective compensation elements being completely lowered.

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It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide a method and an apparatus for the thermal treatment of substrates that facilitate an introduction and withdrawal of the wafer into or out of the reaction

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chamber.

Proceeding from the initially mentioned apparatus, the stated objective is realized in that the compensation element is at least partially pivotable in the reaction chamber. By at least partially pivoting the compensation element in the reaction chamber, a direct access of a handling device to the wafer is possible, since the compensation element can be pivoted out of the access region of the handling device. In this connection, it is not absolutely necessary that the entire compensation element be pivoted; rather, it is sufficient to partially pivot the compensation element in order to enable free access to the wafer.

A pivot device is advantageously provided in the reaction chamber for the compensation ring or parts thereof, so that no such device has to be introduced from the outside.

Pursuant to one preferred specific embodiment of the invention, the pivot device is essentially spaced from the compensation element and is connected therewith by at least one connecting element. Spacing the pivot device from the compensation element ensures that the pivot device will exert no or only a slight thermal effect upon the compensation element.

The pivot device advantageously has a semi-circular member having an inner radius that is greater than the outer radius of the compensation element in order to influence the thermal treatment of the substrate as little as possible. For a simple construction of the pivot device, the free ends of the semi-circular member are mounted in the reaction chamber.

Pursuant to a further specific embodiment of the invention, the compensation element itself is pivotably mounted, resulting in a particularly straightforward pivotability.

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Due to the typical shape of the substrates that are to be handled, the compensation element is preferably an annular or ring element. Pursuant to one specific embodiment, the compensation element comprises a plurality of segments in order to facilitate manufacture of the compensation element. This applies in particular for large substrates since the compensation element is typically made of the same material as the substrate and it is therefore difficult to manufacture the compensation element in the required size as one piece. The segments advantageously have angular segments of 60° each. For smaller substrates, as well as for compensation elements that are not made of the same material as are the substrates that are to be handled, the compensation element is preferably a single piece.

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Pursuant to one particularly preferred specific embodiment of the present invention, the pivot device can be controlled by movement of a door of the reaction chamber, and especially automatically by the opening or closing of the chamber door. By automatic pivoting together with the movement of the chamber door, there results a particularly straightforward actuation mechanism. The automatic pivoting furthermore ensures that when the chamber door is opened, access to the wafer is provided.

Proceeding from the initially described method, the stated objective is also inventively realized in that the compensation element is pivoted at least partially in the reaction chamber in order to facilitate the insertion and/or removal of the substrate. This again results in the advantage that the access to the substrate is provided and it can therefore be introduced and removed without obstruction.

The compensation element is advantageously automatically pivoted by opening or closing the door of the reaction chamber. This automatically ensures that access is provided to the substrate when the chamber door is opened.

The present invention will be subsequently explained with the aid of one preferred specific embodiment accompanied by reference to the drawing,

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Figure 1 is a partial cross-sectional perspective view of one apparatus for the thermal treatment of substrates, whereby for simplification of the drawing parts have been omitted;

Figure 2 is a view similar to that of Figure 1, whereby an annular compensation element is illustrated in a lowered position;

Figure 3 is a partial cross-sectional view through an apparatus according to Fig. 1 having a raised annular compensation position;

Figure 4 is an enlarged detailed sectional view that shows the annular compensation segment in a raised segment;

Figure 5 is a cross-sectional view similar to that of Fig. 3, whereby the annular compensation segment is shown in a lowered position;

Figure 6 is an enlarged detailed sectional view showing the annular compensation segment in a lowered position.

Figures 1 and 2 show an apparatus 1 for the rapid thermal treatment of

semiconductor wafers 2. The apparatus 1 is provided with a reaction chamber 5 that is formed by upper and lower quartz plates 7, 8 as well as lateral liner elements 9, which are all accommodated in a housing 10. Non-illustrated radiation sources are provided for heating the wafer 2.

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Provided within the reaction chamber are a plurality of support elements 12 upon which the wafer 2 is placed. These support elements are disposed on a rotary plate 14 that is driven by a non-illustrated device for rotating the wafer.

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Disposed about the outer periphery of the wafer 2 is an annular compensation element 15 that is divided into a plurality of segments 16, 17, 18, 19. In the illustrated embodiment, the annular segments 16, 17, 18, 19 are annular segments of 60° each, whereby the annular segments could also describe a greater or lesser angle. Although the compensation ring is illustrated as being segmented, it is also possible for the compensation ring to be one piece.

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By means of a rib or leg 20, the annular segment 16 is connected to an essentially semi-circular, pivotable raising and lowering element 22, the free end of which, as indicated at 25, is pivotably mounted in the reaction chamber. A control lever 27 extends from the pivotable raising and

lowering element 22 to an insertion/withdrawal opening in the housing 10. This lever is in contact with a non-illustrated door of the reaction chamber, and is lowered or raised by opening and closing the door, as indicated by the double arrow A.

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Those annular segments 17, 18, 19 that are not associated with the pivotable raising and lowering element 22 rest upon an annular support element 30 that is supported upon at least one projection 31 of the lower quartz plate 8 and by means of ribs 32 holds the annular segments stationarily in the reaction chamber. The support element 30 is spaced from the rotary plate 14, so that the annular segments 17, 18, 19 remain stationary during rotation of the wafer 2.

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For the thermal treatment, the wafer 2 is introduced by a non-illustrated handling device into the reaction chamber 5 and is placed upon the support elements 12. To introduce the wafer 2, the annular segment is lowered, by pivoting, via the pivotable raising and lowering element 22, as can be seen from Figures 2, 5 and 6, in order to expose the movement region of the handling device. The pivoting of the raising and lowering element 22 is effected automatically by opening the non-illustrated door of the reaction chamber, which transfers the opening movement via the control lever 22 to the raising and lowering element 22. After placement

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of the wafer 2 upon the support elements 12, the handling device is withdrawn from the reaction chamber and the reaction chamber door is closed, as a result of which the control lever 22, the raising and lowering element 22, and hence the annular segment 16 are moved into the position shown in Figures 1, 3 and 4. In this position, the annular segment 16, together with the other annular segments 17, 18, 19, forms an essentially closed compensation ring about the wafer 2.

In this position, the wafer 2 is subjected to the thermal treatment. During withdrawal of the wafer from the reaction chamber 5, the previous process is reversed. By opening the reaction chamber door, the annular segment 16 is lowered, as a consequence of which access by the handling device to the wafer 2 is provided. The handling device grasps the wafer 2 and withdraws it from the reaction chamber 5. A new wafer 2 can then be introduced into the reaction chamber as described above.

The invention was previously described with the aid of one preferred specific embodiment. However, embodiments, modifications and variations are possible to one skilled in the art without thereby departing from the inventive concept. In particular, it is possible to differently embody the pivotable raising and lowering element 22 and the control lever 27, or to provide a different activation for these elements. As

already indicated, it is also not necessary for the compensation ring 15 to be segmented. It is also possible to pivotably mount the compensation ring 15 or its segments in the reaction chamber without the use of a pivotable raising and lowering element, as a result of which a separate raising and lowering element can be eliminated and only a single control element for a pivoting of the compensation element 15 itself would be required.

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#### Patent Claims:

- 1. Apparatus (1) for the thermal treatment of substrates (2), especially semi-conductor wafers, having a reaction chamber (5) and a compensation element (15) that surrounds the outer periphery of the substrate and is spaced therefrom, characterized in that the compensation element (15) is at least partially pivotable in the reaction chamber (5).
- Apparatus according to claim 1, characterized by a pivot device
   (22, 27) in the reaction chamber.
- 3. Apparatus according to claim 2, characterized in that the pivot device (22, 27) is essentially spaced from the compensation element (15) and is connected therewith by at least one connecting element (20).
- 4. Apparatus according to one of the claims 2 or 3, characterized in that the pivot device is provided with a semi-circular member (22) having an inner radius that is greater than the outer radius of the substrate (2).
- 5. Apparatus according to claim 4, characterized in that the free end (23) of the semi-circular member (22) is pivotably mounted in the reaction chamber (5).
- 6. Apparatus according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the compensation element (15) is pivotably mounted in the

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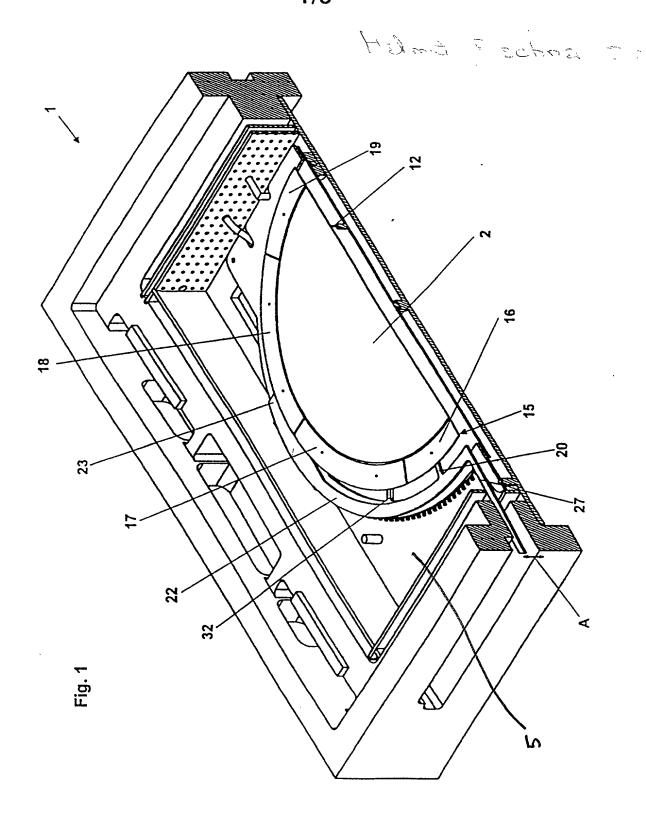
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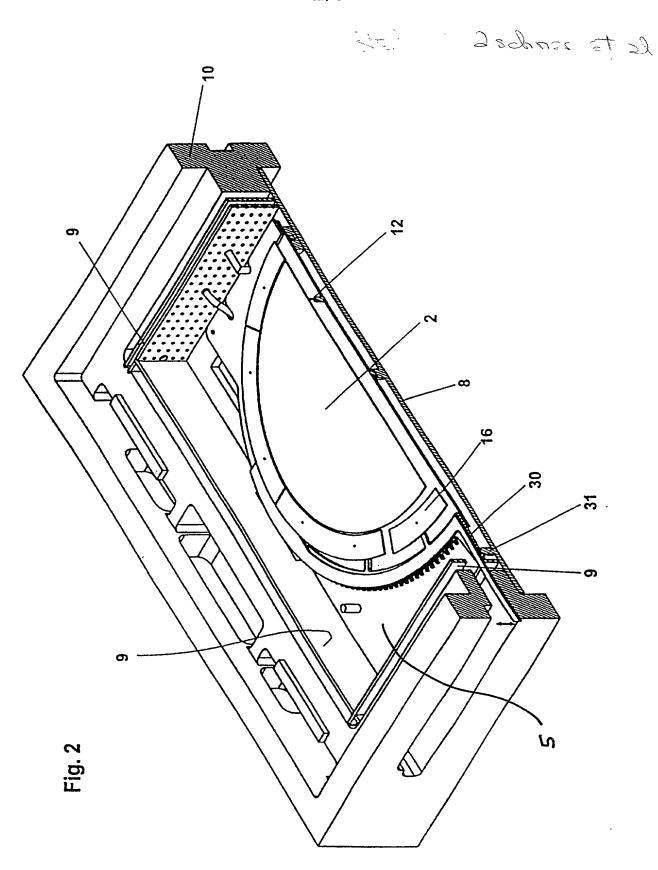
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reaction chamber (5).

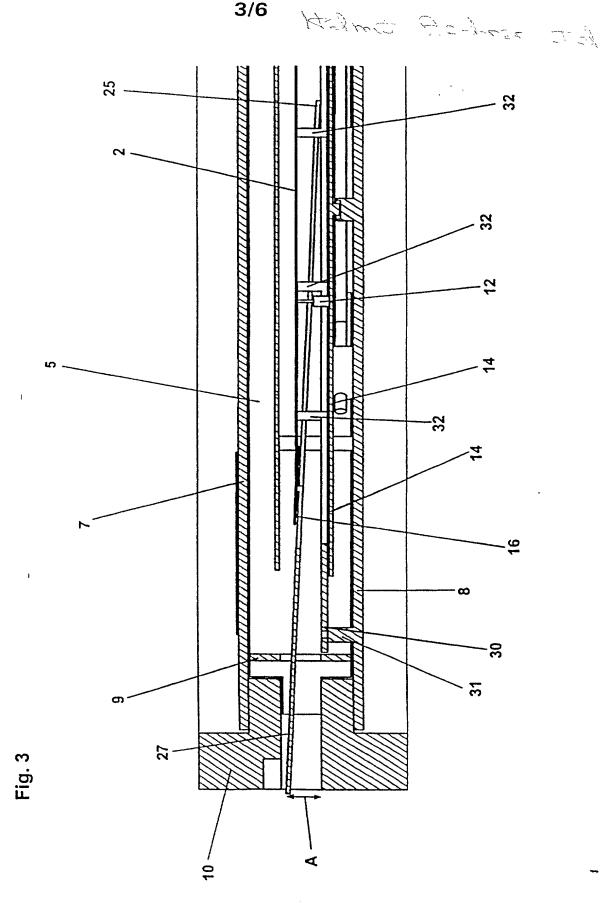
- 7. Apparatus according to one of the claims 2 to 6, characterized in that the pivot device (22, 27) is actuatable by movement of a door of the reaction chamber (5).
- 8. Apparatus according to claim 7, characterized in that the pivot device (22, 27) is automatically pivotable by opening or closing of the chamber door.
  - Apparatus according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the compensation element (15) is an annular element.
  - 10. Apparatus according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the compensation element (15) comprises a plurality of segments (16, 17, 18, 19).
  - 11. Apparatus according to claim 10, characterized in that the segments each have an annular segment of 60°.
  - 12. Method for the thermal treatment of substrates (2), especially semi-conductor wafers, in a reaction chamber (5) having a compensation element (15) that surrounds the outer periphery of the substrate and is spaced therefrom, characterized in that the compensation element (15), for the introduction and/or withdrawal of the substrate (2), is at least partially pivoted in the reaction chamber (15).
  - 13. Method according to claim 12, characterized in that the

compensation element (15) is automatically pivoted by opening or closing a door of the reaction chamber (5).

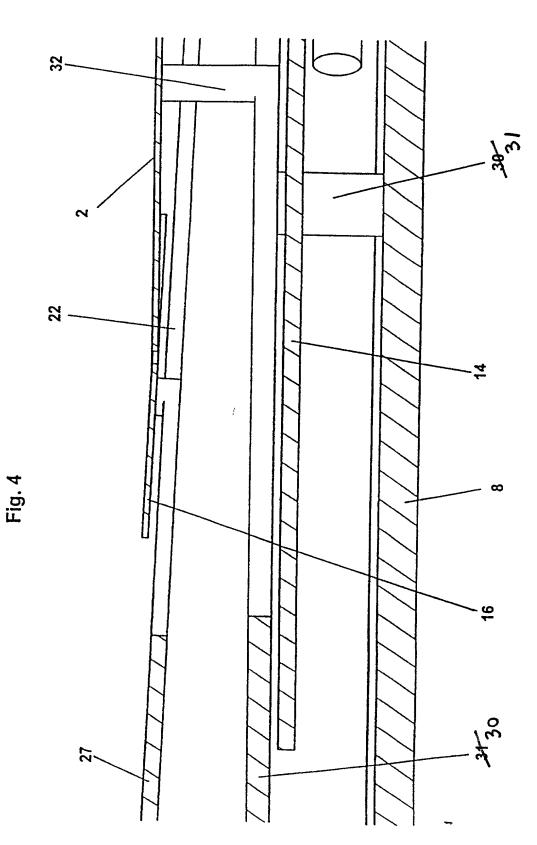


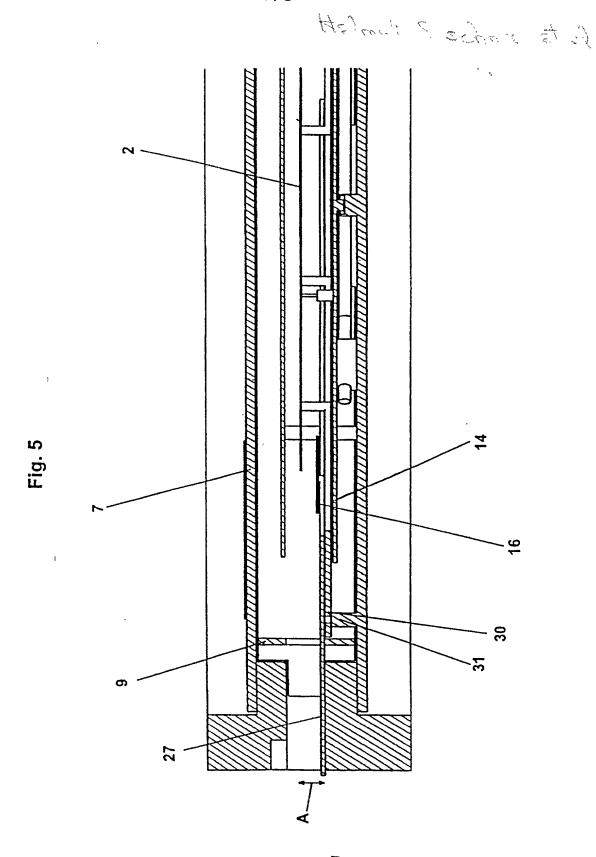


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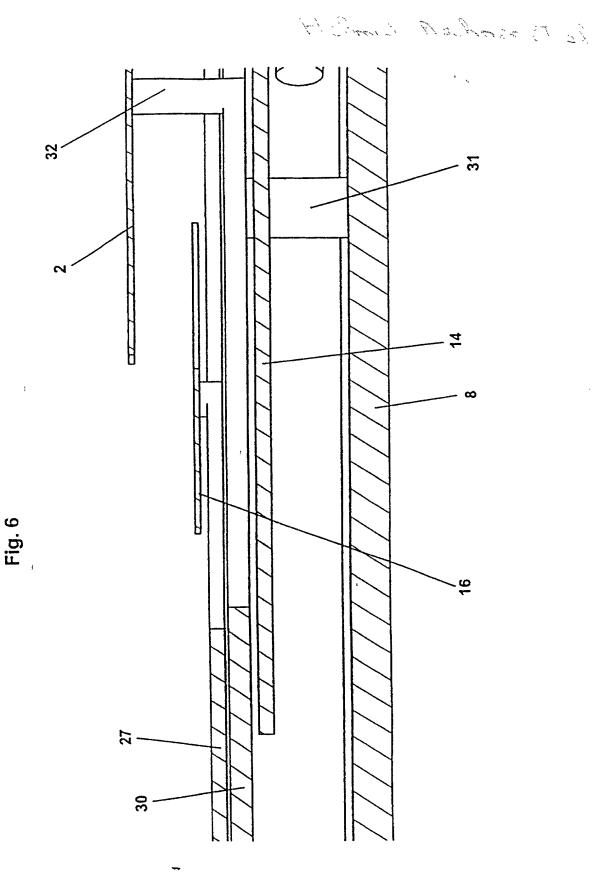
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PCT/EP99/02942





### COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name; I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought of the invention entitled:

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR THE THERMAL TREATMENT OF SUBSTRATES

the specification of which XX is attached hereto;	1000	International Application Ser. No. <u>PCT/E</u> F		_
was filed on 30 A	ith.	Application Ser. No. <u>PCT/EF</u> wed and understand the cont		
specification including the	claims, as amende	ed by any amendment referre lose all information known by	d to above.	
patentability of this applicat	tion in accordance	with Title 37, Code of Federa penefits under Title 35, United	l Regulation:	s, Section 1.56.
any foreign application(s) f	or patent or invente	or's certificate listed below and tificate having a filing date be	d have also i	identified below any
∭ ¹₽rior Foreign Application(s	):		Priori	ty Claimed:
일 日 198 21 007.8	Germany	11 May 1998	Yes <u>X</u>	No 
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	-	
application(s) listed below:		er 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) of any l		
(Application Number)		(Filing Date)		
and to transact all busines telephone calls to (505) 28 ASSOCIATES, 11896 N. I I hereby des statements made on informade with the knowledge imprisonment, or both, und	s in the Patent and 6-3511. Address a dighway 14, Suite I clare that all staten nation and belief a that willful false stater Section 1001 of the walldity of the	bert W. Becker, Reg. No. 26,2 I Trademark Office connected all correspondence to ROBER 3, Tijeras, New Mexico 87059 nents made herein of my own re believed to be true; and fur tements and the like so made f Title 18 of the United States application or any patent issu	therewith. AT W. BECK  knowledge ther that the are punishe Code and the	Address all ER & are true and that all se statements were able by fine or
Inventor's signature: Residence: Kirkchgasse Citizenship: German Post Office Address: sam		Date: erstetten, Germany	10.10. <i>0</i> 0	

Full name of sole of first inventor.	
Inventor's signature:  Residence: Hardtweg 5, D-89160 Demstadt, Germany Citizenship: German Post Office Address: same as above	Date:
Full name of sole or second: Dieter Zernickel	
Inventor's signature  Residence: Denautalstrasse 57, D 69079-Ulm, Germany Citizenship: German Post Office Address: same as above	Date: <u>13.10.00</u> 1,D 73340 <u>Amstetten</u> DEX